

2

3

4

In order to obtain a good result, we advise to follow all given instructions carefully.

Let the planks acclimatize for 48 hours in the unopened packaging at the normal room temperature, in the middle of the room where the floor is to be installed. The ideal conditions are 15-22°C at a relative humidity of 30-75%. If climate conditions are outside this 30-75% range, we strongly advise to acclimatize for 1 week with opened packages.

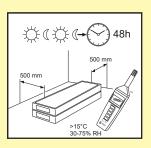
Pergo laminate floors can be bought in different formats, decors and qualities. Make sure you have received the flooring that you ordered before starting the installation. It is always a good idea to store one end label together with your purchasing receipt.

Remove any damp-porous floor covering (carpet, needle felt, etc.) first. Damp-sealed floor covering (PVC, linoleum, VCT, etc.) does not have to be removed. Always use a dampproof underlay. We advise to use a Pergo underlay. On a damp-sealed floor covering (PVC, linoleum, VCT, etc.) an underlay with a dampproof membrane (or a separated PE-foil) need to be installed to avoid migration.

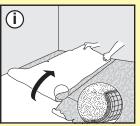
WOODEN SUBFLOOR: Remove any existing floor covering first. No signs of mould and/or insect infestations should be present. Make sure the subfloor is level. Nail or screw down any loose parts. If the wooden subfloor is flat (no unevenness greater than 2mm over the length of 1 meter): you can install any Pergo underlay. If the wooden subfloor is not flat and has uneveness > 2mm and < 4mm over a length of 2m (because of cupping of the wooden subfloor planks): you can install the Pergo Smart + underlay. If the wooden subfloor is not flat and has unevenness > 4mm over a length of 2m, you have to install a fibered levelling compound or underlay + plywood / OSB levelling floor.

Install the new floor at ninety degrees to the existing subfloor. The crawl space under the plank floor must be sufficiently ventilated.

Remove any obstacles and make sure there is sufficient ventilation (minimum  $4 \text{ cm}^2$  (1/2") total ventilation openings per m<sup>2</sup> (40") of floor). The moisture content of the wood must not exceed 10%.











5

6

7

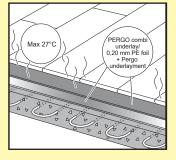
8

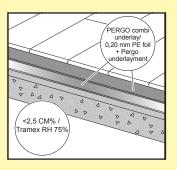
Additional instructions apply if there is underfloor heating or cooling. For health and safety reasons and to avoid problems with the Pergo laminate floor, a floor surface temperature of maximum 27°C (80°F) is allowed. Visit www.pergo.com for more information.

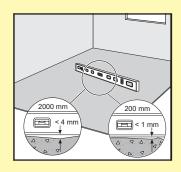
The moisture content of the subfloor must be less than 2,5%CM / 75%RH (cement screed) or less than 0,5%CM / 50%RH (anhydrite screed - subfloor). In the case of floor heating, results must be respectively 1,5%CM / 60%RH and 0,3%CM / 40%RH. Always measure, record and keep your moisture content results. A new cement screed floor must dry at least 1 week per 1cm (3/8") thickness up to 4cm (1-1/2"). Thicknesses over 4cm (1-1/2") require twice as much drying time. For example, a 6cm (2-1/2") concrete subfloor must dry at least 8 weeks. Moisture measurements should always be taken and a protocoll must be kept for the future.

Make sure the subfloor is level. Any unevenness greater than 4 mm over the length of 2 meter must be smoothed out. The same applies to any unevenness of more than 1 mm over a length of 20 cm. This rule does not cope to national regulations about levelling.

After checking the subfloor for unevenness, carefully vacuum the entire surface. Make sure that the floor base is flat, clean, firm, and dry. To avoid risk of squeaking, secure any loose particleboard, OSB, fiberboard, timber planks etc. with screws.











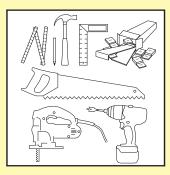
9

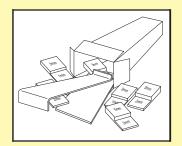
To install your laminate floor you need the following standard tools: Hammer, saw (a jig-saw, hand circular saw, hand saw, or cross-cut saw), mouth mask (during sawing), pencil, tape measure, safety goggles and gloves.

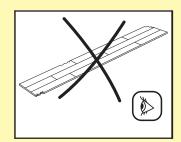
Apart from that, you also need the following accessories: installation kit (a pulling iron, spacers and a tapping block suitable for the Uniclic® click system), underlay system (use an underlay that provides a stable foundation for the floor) and suitable maintenance products. The use of accessories other than the Pergo accessories might cause damage to the Pergo floor. In such case the guarantee provided by Pergo will be void. We therefore advise to use only Pergo accessories as these have been especially designed and tested for the use with Pergo floor panels.

Check all panels before and during installation. Defective panels must never be used.
An installed plank is considered as accepted and cannot be claimed.

Check whether the old skirting can be removed. You can leave the wall skirting boards in place and finish the floor with Pergo profiles.







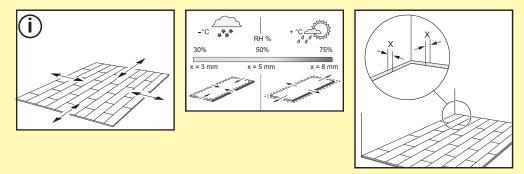


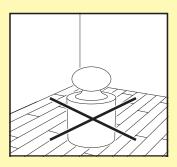
Check that the doors can still open and close after the floor and underlay have been installed.

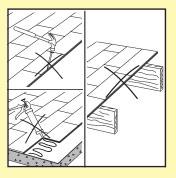
1 4 Cooking islands for kitchens and other very heavy objects should be installed first and not placed on top of the laminate. The laminate floor must be able to move around the heavy objects to avoid open joints and separating planks.

15 Pergo laminate flooring is designed to be installed as a floating floor to allow natural expansion and contraction with changes in temperature and humidity. To achieve the benefits of a floating floor and to avoid possible gaps, squeaking etc. never fasten the floor with nail, screws, silicone etc.

A Pergo laminate floor is mainly composed of natural wood and will naturally expand and contract upon changes in the relative humidity. The dimensional variation of the installed floor will almost be equal in length and width. At 20°C and a relative humidity, RH, between 40-60%, the movement is minimal. Pergo laminate flooring is produced and delivered with a moisture content to cope with a RH between 30-60%. In dry climate, for example in the Nordics during winter time, the RH might drop below 30% and in summertime rise above 70%. This will create movements in the floor surface. To secure enough clearance for the natural movements and to avoid possible open joints, squeaking etc. always keep a dilatation joint of 5mm average to walls, thresholds, staircases, pipes etc. during installation. Use the spacers of the installation kit to keep the right clearance. Installing in winter time in very low RH, the clearance to the wall should be lowered to 3mm since the floor panels will shrink, and if installing in high RH climate the clearance should be raised to 8mm since the floor panels will expand. The clearance must be left open and may NOT be filled by any sealant, silicone or other adhesive. Never fasten the floor with nails, glue, screws or in any other way.









1

2

3

The floors with Aquasafe technology are water resistant after installation. Following these instruction carefully makes the floor fit for use in bathrooms, kitchens, laundry rooms and entrance areas. The panels are not suitable for use in damp spaces like pool areas, saunas and rooms with build-in drains like showers. These extra water protection instructions do not cope to national regulations of water protection in wet rooms.

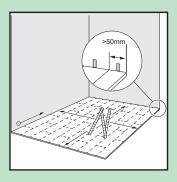
With Uniclic<sup>®</sup> panels you can choose where you want to begin. Think about what will be the easiest way to install the floor. We will demonstrate the installation for right-handed people, from left to right. You can work in the other direction if you want.

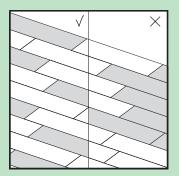
Before starting, carefully measure the length and the width of the room to plan a precise layout to achieve a balanced appearance of the floor. This is very important when installing typical tile decors. This will ensure also you won't end up with the last row being too narrow. If the last row would be less than 50mm, the installation will be easier if you cut down the planks of the first row in the length.

Make sure the panels are mixed sufficiently when you install

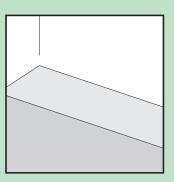
and parallel to the incidence of light.

them, so that you do not end up with too many identical, light or dark panels next to eachother. To obtain the best visual effect, it is best to fit the floorboards in the direction of the longest wall





First install the underlay, per width and gradually as you progress. It is vital that you use underlays to smooth any unevenness in the base floor. The specially designed Pergo underlays have a dampproof, insulating, noise-reducing and leveling function. The smooth top surface makes installing the laminate panels easier and ensures ample expansion afterwards. You can find more information about Pergo underlays and how to install them on the underlay packaging or at your dealer.





4

5

6

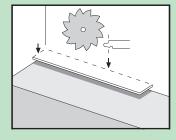
7

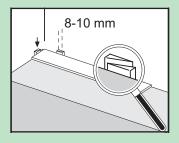
Begin the first row with a whole plank. First saw off the tongue on both the long and the short sides.

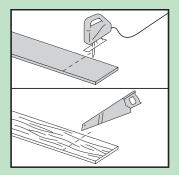
Put the plank with sawn off sides against the walls. Put spacers from the installation kit between the planks and the wall. This will ensure that your expansion joint is wide enough: 8 to 10 mm (5/16" to 3/8").

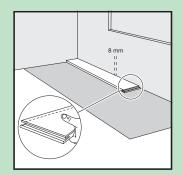
Of course we also need to saw the panels. To obtain a clean cut, the pattern side should face down when you use a jigsaw, sabre saw or circular handsaw and up when you use a handsaw or a crosscut saw. Ensure that the end joints of the panels in two successive rows are never in line. Always ensure that the joints are staggered by at least 30 cm / 12 inches.

Start with the first plank that will be installed in the corner. Remove the click profile on both the long and the short side of the plank by sawing. For other planks of the first row (not in the corner), remove the click profile on the long side that will be directly next to the wall. Any side of a plank that is directly next to a wall, must have its click profile removed, in order to ensure the required expansion gap.





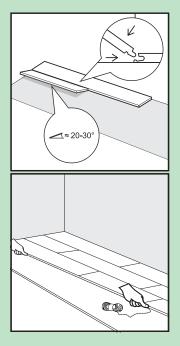






8

In order to make the start of the installation easier, assemble the first 3 rows away from the wall, so you can sit on the planks during the assembly. Then slide the first 3 rows at the wanted position close to the wall with distance spacers in place. Take a thin rope and hold it alongside the installed planks to check and adjust the straightness of your installed first 3 rows. It is recommended to make additional checks of the straightness, in order to confirm the straightness during the installation. Remember to use the distance spacers for the expansion gap of 8mm (0,315 inch) along the perimeter.



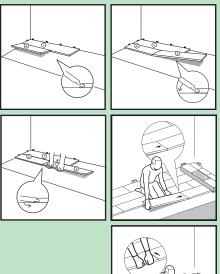


#### **Uniclic**®

9

Uniclic® is unique because you can install the planks in two different ways. Method A (angle-angle): First, rotate the short side of the plank to be installed, into the short side of the already installed plank, by means of the angle principle. Then raise the newly installed plank to an angle of 20-30°. This will also raise the previously installed planks in the same row, because their short sides are already connected.

Now place your BOTH hands close to the joint as shown in the figure and pull the long side of the plank towards you. The panels will now click together.You can either insert the tongue into the groove, or the groove into the tongue. The tongue in groove method is the most common and easiest way.

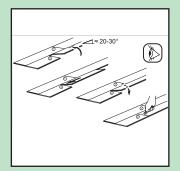




#### PerfectFold™

9

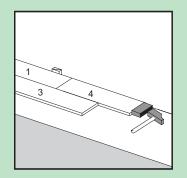
The easiest way to connect Perfectfold planks is by a rotating fold down movement. Lift the connecting plank up in an angle of 20-30 degrees, push it into the long side groove and slide it gently to the left until the plank ends meets. Push the plank firmly downwards to the floor, and the PerfectFold will lock the joint perfectly in the end. Always control each joint before continuing. Use the Pergo tapping block gently to tighten up small gaps if needed. Install the first 2 rows in accordance to the illustration.





#### **Uniclic**<sup>®</sup>

10 Method B: With Uniclic<sup>®</sup> you can also tap the panels into each other without lifting. For this method you must use the special Uniclic<sup>®</sup> tapping block. The planks should not be joined with a single tap. To avoid damaging the panels you must tap them together gradually.

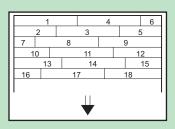


1 1 In places where it is too difficult to install the planks with the tapping block (e.g. against the wall), you can tap them together using the pulling iron and a hammer.





Continue like this to the end of the room.

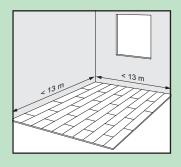


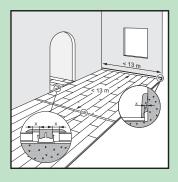


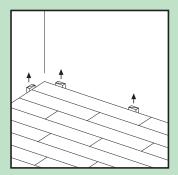
13 With lengths of more than 13 m and widths of more than 13 m, there should be an intermediate expansion joint. The swelling and shrinking is linear, so the bigger the surface, the bigger the play at the edge has to be.

Room humidity can vary according to the season, so it is vital that the floor is able to expand and contract. For this reason, make sure you leave an expansion joint of minimum 8 to 10 mm (5/16" to 3/8") on all sides of the floor, around pipes, thresholds and under doors. Expansion joints can be finished by means of a skirting or a profile that is attached to the subfloor. It is mandatory to provide an expansion joint between diff erent rooms (e.g. under the door). In typical T, – L or U– shaped rooms it may also be necessary to install a dilatation joint.

Contact the Pergo technical department in case of doubt.



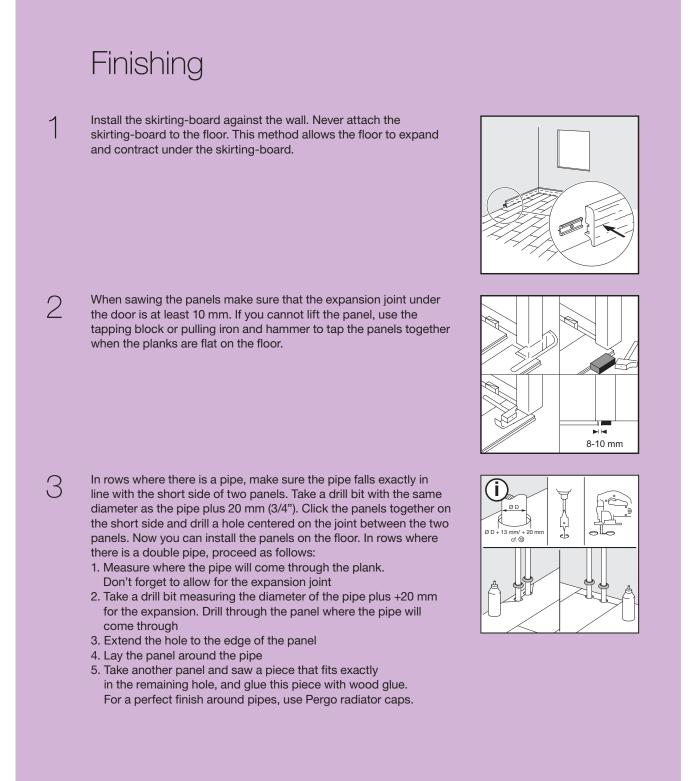




Remove all spacers.

15



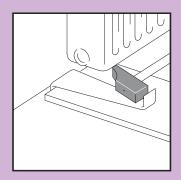




# Finishing

4

In places where it is difficult to install the planks with the tapping block (e.g.underneath radiators), you can tap them together with the pulling iron and a hammer.



2

3

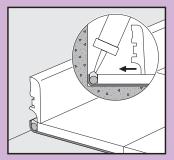


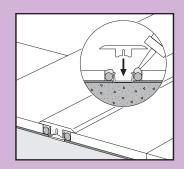
### Finishing in rooms like bathrooms, kitchens, laundry rooms and entrance areas for aquasafe laminate

This installation instruction can prevent water infiltration around the perimeter and obstacles of your laminate flooring. Following these instruction carefully makes the floor fit for use in bathrooms, kitchens, laundry rooms and entrance areas. The water-resistant panels are not suitable for use in damp spaces like pool areas, saunas and rooms with build-in drains like showers. These extra water protection instructions do not cope to national regulations of water protection in wet rooms.

For a water resistant finishing, use the elastic waterproof transparant paste (PG Aqua Sealant) and the foamstrip (NEFOAMSTRIP).







Sealing the perimeter expansion joints combines the compressible PE foamstrip (NEFOAMSTRIP) with diameter 8 to 10 mm and the flexible and waterproof PG Aqua Sealant. Push the PE foam in the expansion joints and apply the transparent PG Aqua Sealant under slight angle towards the Pergo water-resistant laminate floor. Install the wallbases with PG Multiglue (PGGLUE290). Apply the flexible PG Aqua Sealant between wallbases and floor to avoid ingress of water. In places where profiles or wallbases cannot be placed, insert a PE foamstrip (NEFOAMSTRIP) in the expansion joints and finish with elastic paste (PG Sealant).

Tip: To make work more cleaner it can be easy to put a tape on the floor before applying the PG Aqua Sealant. This tape can be removed immediatly after applying the PG Aqua Sealant. Spilled PG Aqua Sealant can be removed easily when it is dry.

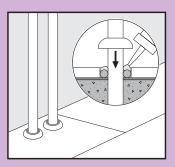
For a water resistant finishing of the 5- in -1 moulding profile (PGINCP), fix the 5- in -1 moulding profile to the base floor with the PG Multiglue and/or screws. Apply transparent PG Aqua Sealant on the flexible PE foam that is in the expansion joint. Push the 5-in-1 moulding profile in the base profile and the wet PG Aqua Sealant. 4

5

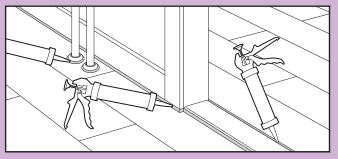


### Finishing in rooms like bathrooms, kitchens, laundry rooms and entrance areas for aquasafe laminate

For a perfect water resistant finishing around pipes, use PG Radiator caps, the elastic waterproof transparant paste (PG Aqua Sealant) and the foamstrip (NEFOAMSTRIP). Put the foamstrip in the expansion joint around the pipe. Place the pipe cover and apply PG Aqua Sealant around the radiator cap and around the tubes. This makes the ingress of water impossible.



To secure extra water protection around the perimeter of the floor and avoid water to enter underneath the panels, apply the flexible PG Aqua Sealant up to the wall base, thresholds, door frames, pipe covers etc.





## Maintenance

1

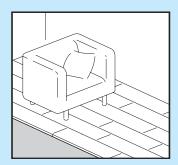
2

3

You can walk on the floor during and immediately after installation. Ensure that humidity in the room is always at least 30%. Use a humidifier if you need to.

a. For dry maintenance, we advise a Pergo mop or vacuum cleaner. Make sure the vacuum cleaner is equipped with soft wheels and a special parquet brush to avoid scratches on your floor.

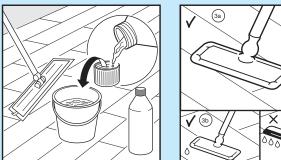
- b. You can use a steam cleaner on products with both Aquasafe and 4-way bevel, if there's no steam directly coming on the laminate. So it must always be used with an appropriate cloth on the steam opening, which guarantees also an homogeneous heat and steam distribution. It is also important to take care to hold the apparatus not too long on the same place and clean the floor in the length direction of the planks.
- c. For the other ranges, we recommend to never use a steam cleaner.

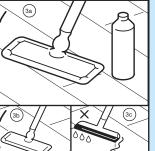




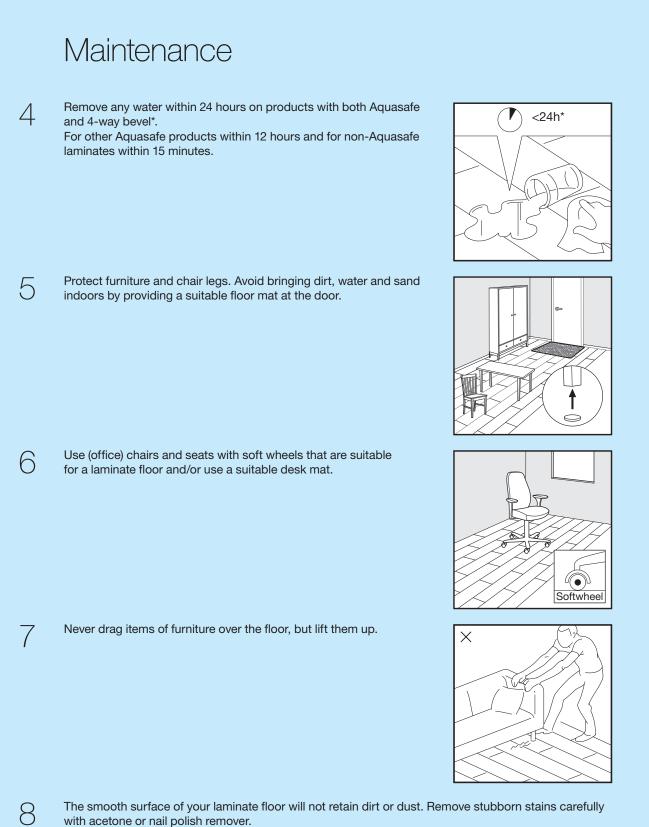
- a. For all maintenance, we advise the Pergo cleaning accessories (see instructions). Be aware that the use of other cleaning products might damage your floor.
- b. Slightly damp and wet maintenance is allowed on Aguasafe laminate.

c. Wet maintenance is absolutely forbidden on non-Aquasafe laminates. For further information on how to clean and maintain your floor, please visit www.Pergo.com. For specific cleaning instructions in commercial applications or projects, you can contact the Pergo technical department.









Never use scouring products! Never use wax or varnish coating on the floor.

INSTALLATION INFORMATION



# Recycling

Deliver installation waste or a disassembled floor to a recognized waste collection facility or recycling centre as 'non-hazardous treated wood'.

